



The Palau Atmospheric Observatory – Updates on the Ozonesonde and Lidar Record and air mass transport to the TWP

Kati Müller

ACCLIP STM 30.04-03.05.2024



ALFRED-WEGENER-INSTITUT
HELMHOLTZ-ZENTRUM FÜR POLAR-
UND MEERESFORSCHUNG



Quick History: Palau Atmospheric Observatory



PAST:

StratoClim (2015-2019)

→ Müller 2020 (thesis),
Cairo et al. 2021,
Müller et al. 2024a,b

POSIDON (campaign 2016)

Pandonia Network (since 2016/2022)

ACCLIP (campaign 2022)

TroStra (Uni Bremen, 2020-24)

→ Sun et al. 2023
Sun 2024 (thesis)
Sun et al. 2024



ONGOING:

2 Postdocs (Kati&Xiaoyu): -2025/27

New PhD & Master students (Tim & Lisa): -2025/26

SHADOZ (from 2024...), NDACC?

UPCOMING:

ATMOsense 2025-29

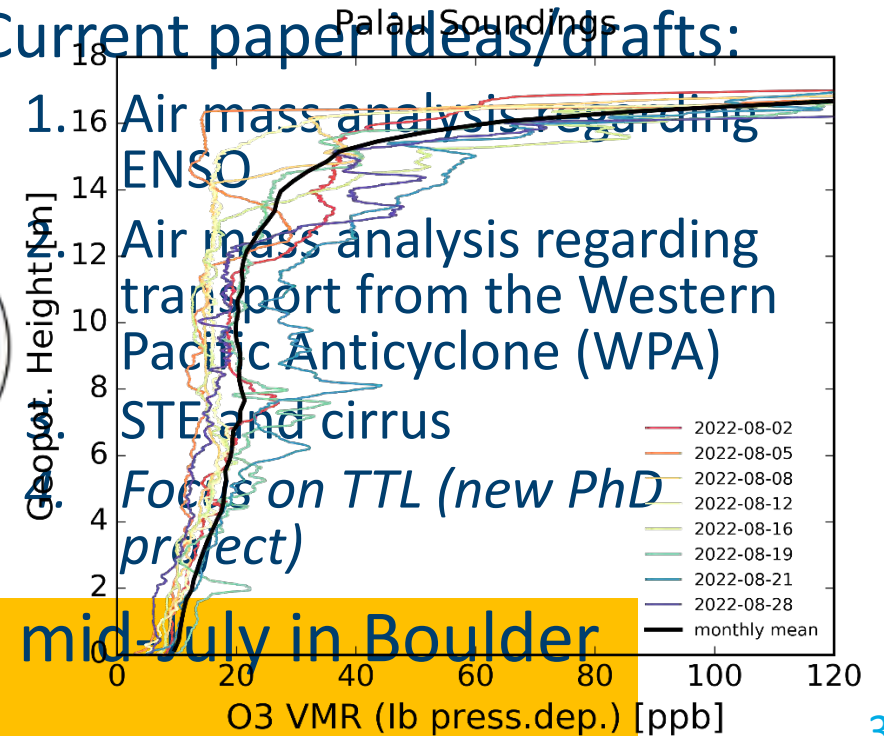
PARTNERS:



ACCLIP ground stations



- Ground station für balloon soundings and Lidar > joint publication?
- Datasets available for Ozonesondes, CFH-COBALD, Lidar
- Current paper ideas/drafts:

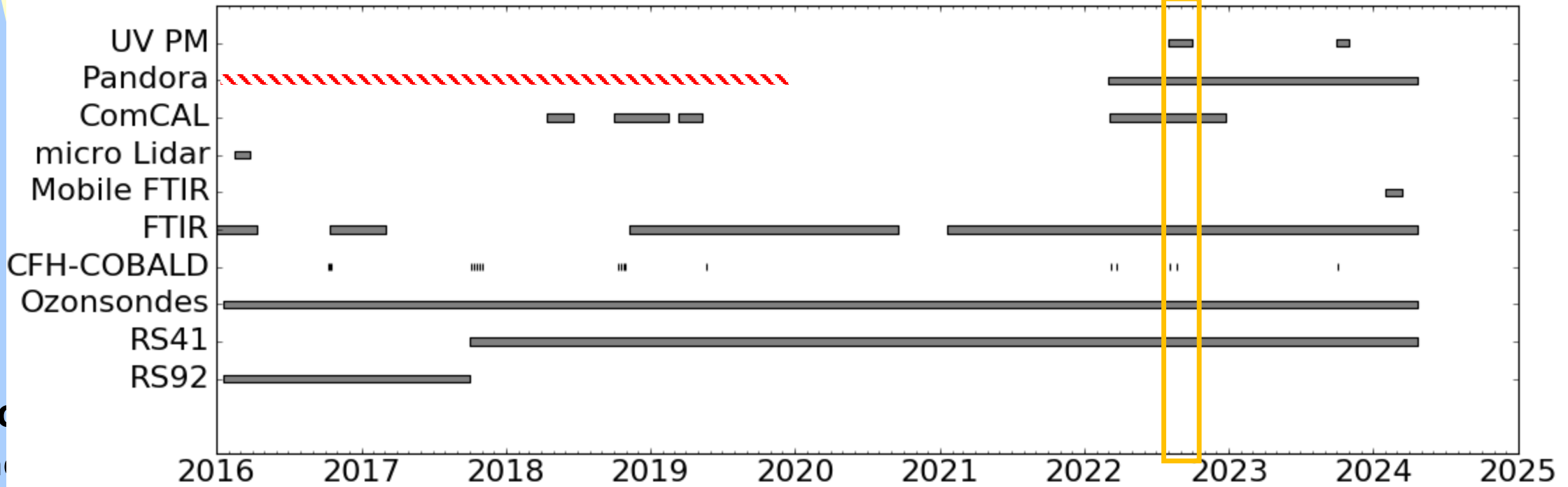


Upcoming: Quadrennial Ozone Symposium mid-July in Boulder
 – come and talk to me! 😊

Instrumentation

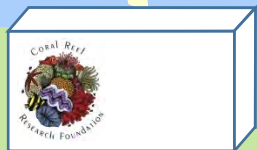
MaxDOAS:

Lidar:



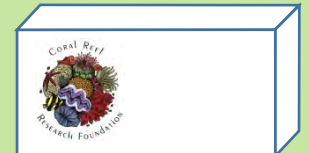
Mo
Since
focus on CO, CH₄...

CO₂, CO, CH₄, N₂O
Temp. @ CRRF site



UV Photometer:

Since 2022:
Ground Ozone



Characterization of Ozone and the Oxidizing Capacity

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 23, 7075–7090, 2023
<https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-23-7075-2023>
© Author(s) 2023. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics
Open Access EGU

Research article

Determination of the chemical equator from GEOS-Chem model simulation: a focus on the tropical western Pacific region

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 24, 2169–2193, 2024
<https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-24-2169-2024>
© Author(s) 2024. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics
Open Access EGU

Measurement report

Measurement report: The Palau Atmospheric Observatory and its ozonesonde record – continuous monitoring of tropospheric composition and dynamics in the tropical western Pacific

Katrin Müller^{1,2}, Jordis S. Tradowsky^{2,3}, Peter von der Gathen¹, Christoph Ritter¹, Sharon Patris⁴, Justus Notholt⁵, and Markus Rex^{1,6}

¹Alfred Wegener Institute, Helmholtz Centre for Polar and Marine Research, Potsdam, Germany

²Norwegian Meteorological Institute, Oslo, Norway

³Bodeker Scientific, Alexandra, New Zealand

⁴Coral Reef Research Foundation, Koror, Palau

⁵Institut für Umweltphysik, University of Bremen, Bremen, Germany

⁶Institut für Physik und Astronomie, Universität Potsdam, Potsdam, Germany

²Invited contribution by Katrin Müller, recipient of the EGU Atmospheric Sciences Outstanding Student Poster and PICO Award 2019.

Correspondence: Katrin Müller (katrin.mueller@awi.de)

Received: 16 May 2023 – Discussion started: 12 June 2023

Revised: 25 October 2023 – Accepted: 1 November 2023 – Published: 21 February 2024

remote sensing



Article

Properties of Cirrus Cloud Observed over Koror, Palau (7.3°N, 134.5°E), in Tropical Western Pacific Region

Xiaoyu Sun^{1,*}, Christoph Ritter^{2,3}, Katrin Müller^{2,4}, Mathias Palm^{1,5}, Denghui Ji^{1,6}, Wilfried Ruhe³, Ingo Beninga³, Sharon Patris⁴ and Justus Notholt^{1,6}

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 24, 4693–4716, 2024
<https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-24-4693-2024>
© Author(s) 2024. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics
Open Access EGU

Research article

Air mass transport to the tropical western Pacific troposphere inferred from ozone and relative humidity balloon observations above Palau

Katrin Müller¹, Peter von der Gathen¹, and Markus Rex^{1,2}

¹Alfred-Wegener-Institute, Helmholtz Center for Polar and Marine Research, Potsdam, Germany

²Institut für Physik und Astronomie, Universität Potsdam, Potsdam, Germany

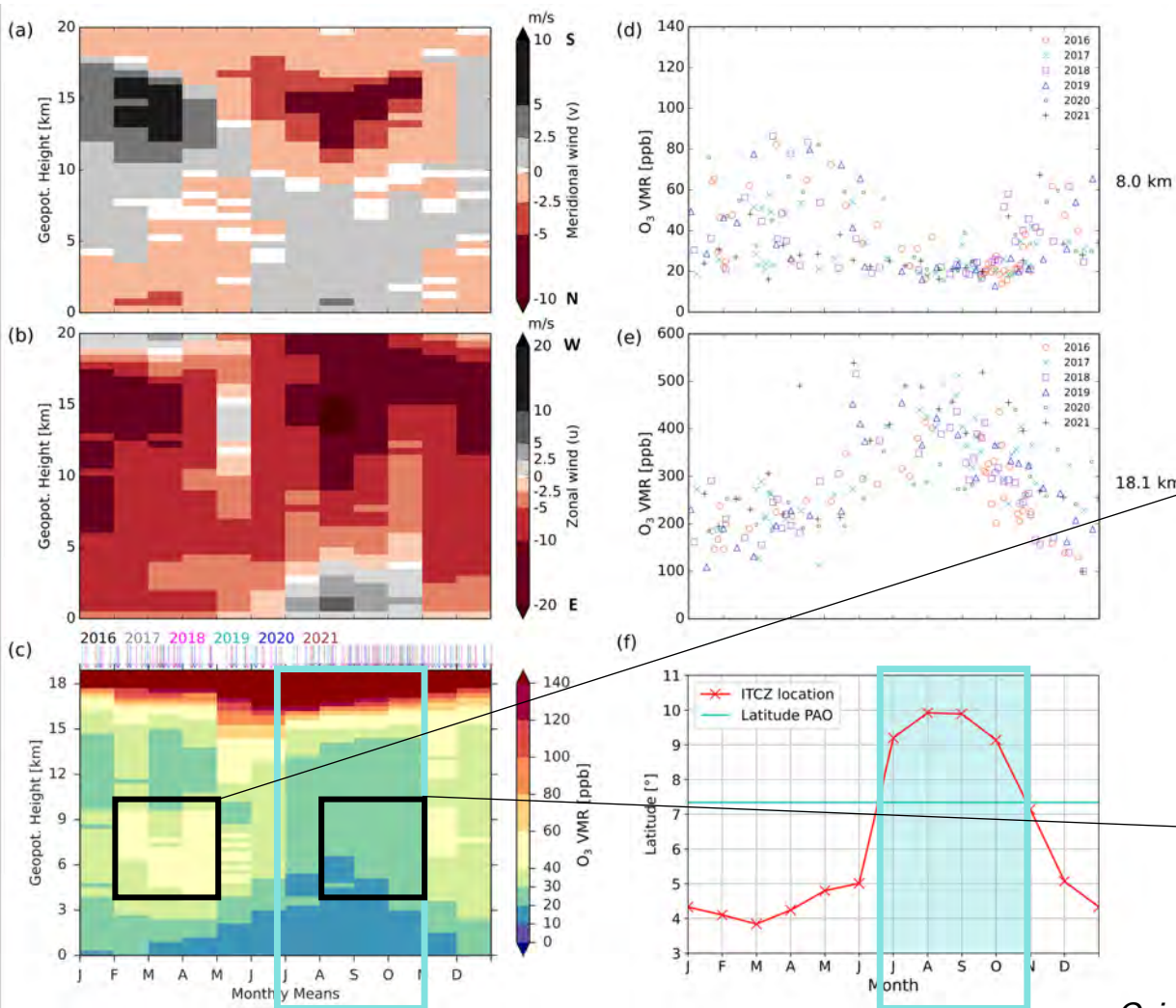
Correspondence: Katrin Müller (katrin.mueller@awi.de)

Received: 13 July 2023 – Discussion started: 21 July 2023

Revised: 20 February 2024 – Accepted: 4 March 2024 – Published: 19 April 2024

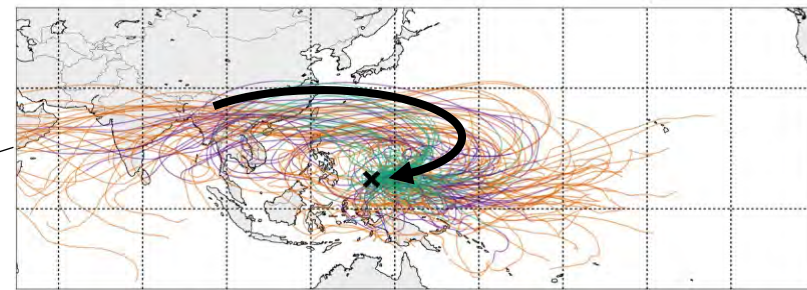
- Müller 2020,
- Sun et al. 2023
- Sun 2024
- Müller et al. 2024a,b
- Sun et al. 2024

Characterization of tropospheric Ozone

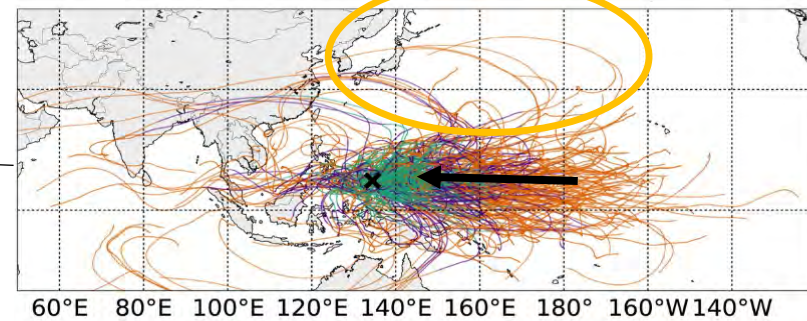


10-days back trajectories by ATLAS (Wohltmann et al. 2010)

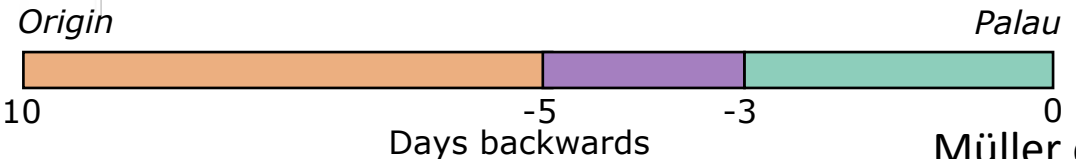
- driven by ERA5
- 2016-2019, initialized @ 5-10 km for O₃ soundings



FMA

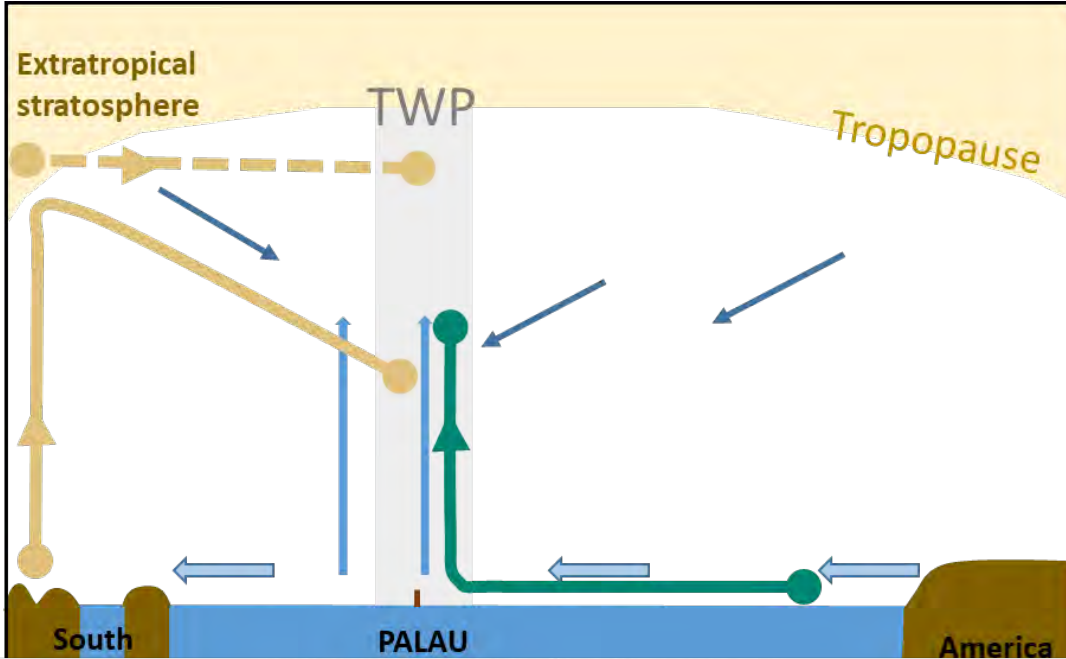


ASO

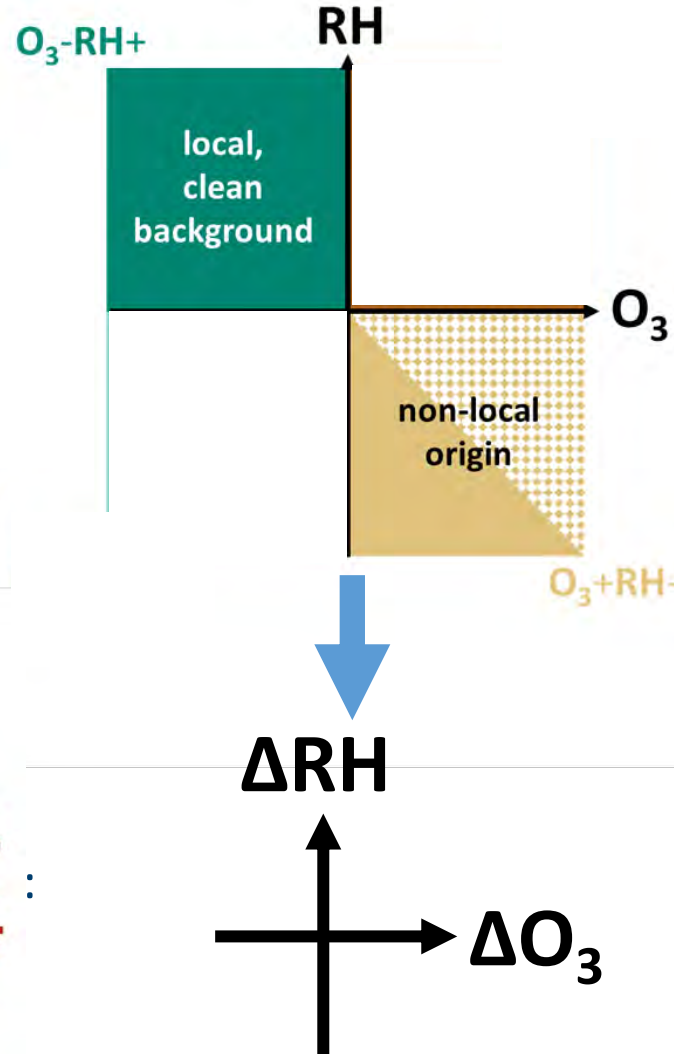
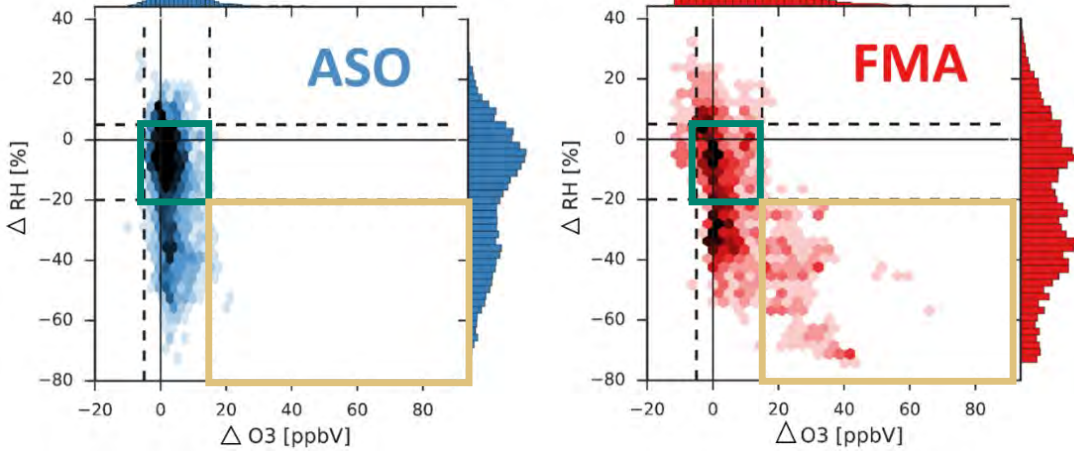


Origin of mid-tropospheric air masses

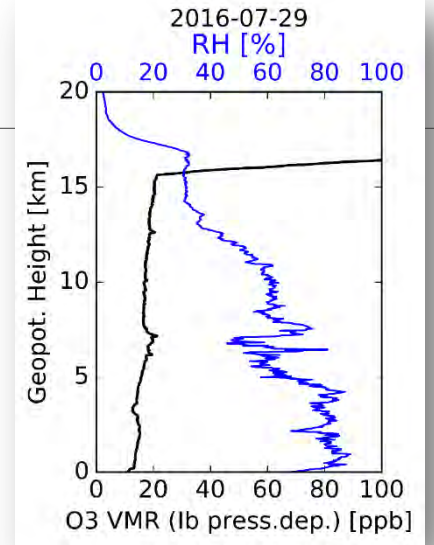
Müller et al. 2024b



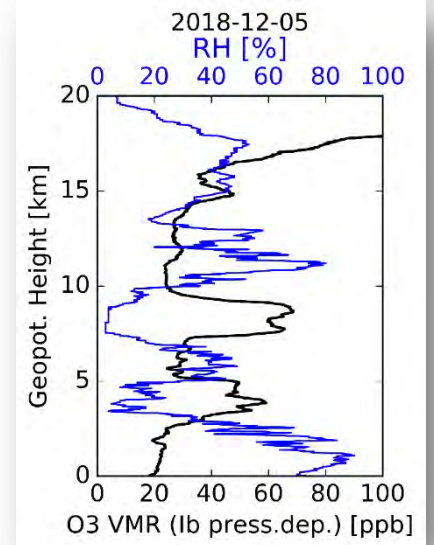
Anomalies from O_3 /RH Background
(3-14 km)



Background

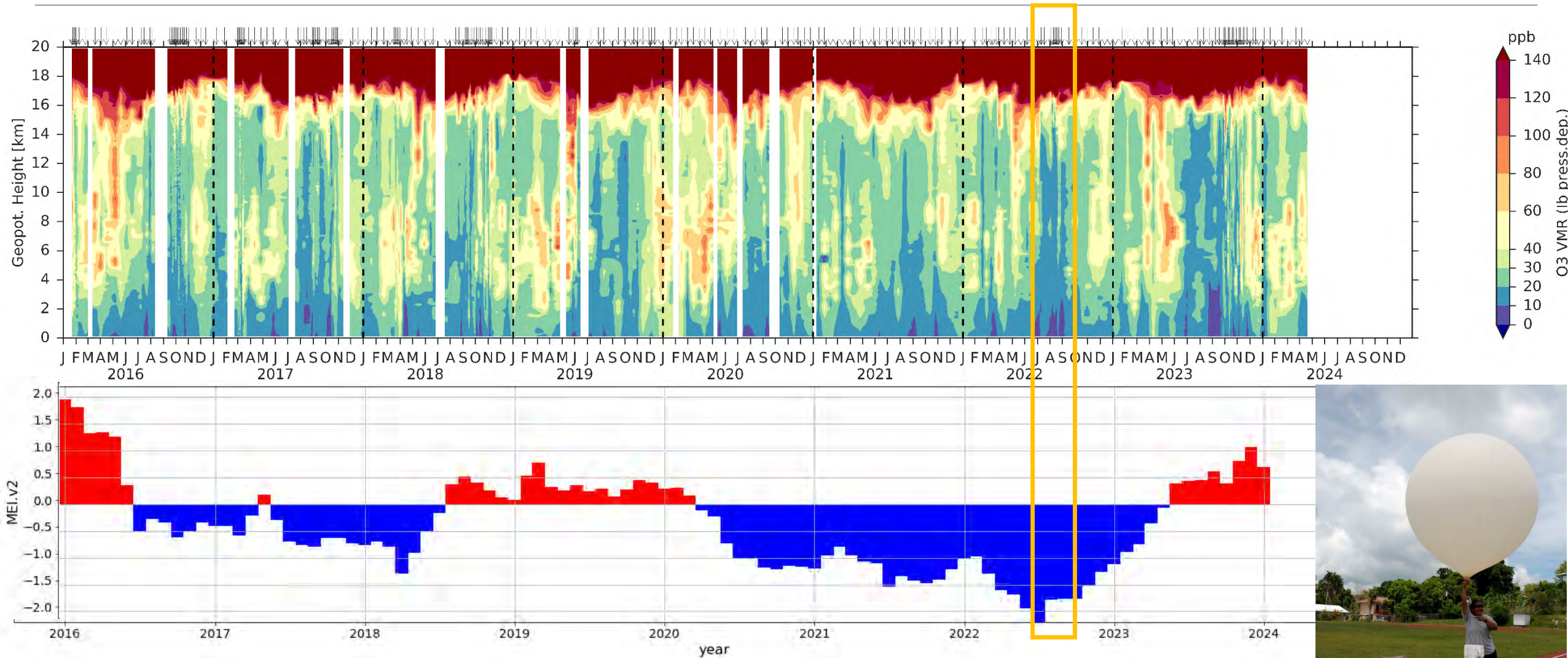


Anomalous Layers



Dry, ozon-rich air masses occur as layers in the mid-troposphere, controlled by transport

Characterization of tropospheric Ozone



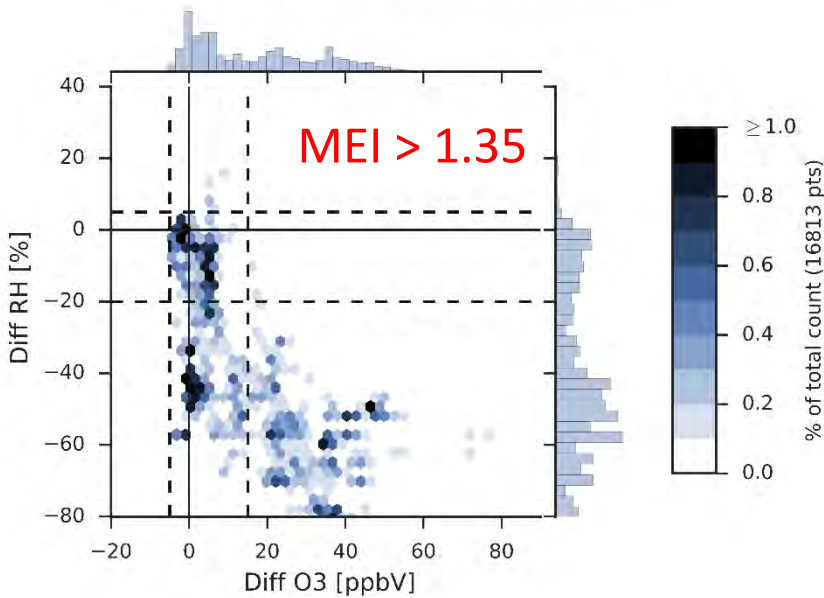
2016-04/2024: **279 ozone sondes**

> 8 years: extended ENSO cycle, ...

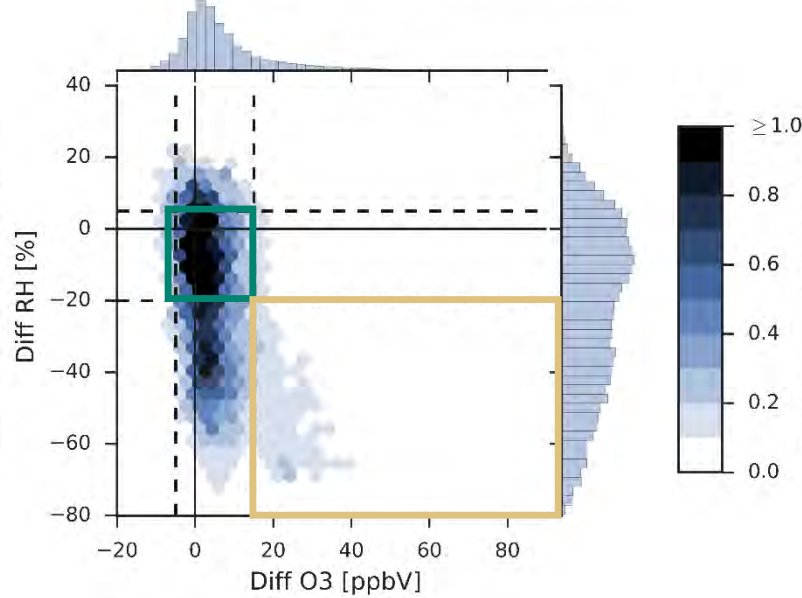


1. ENSO impact on midtroposphere → QOS

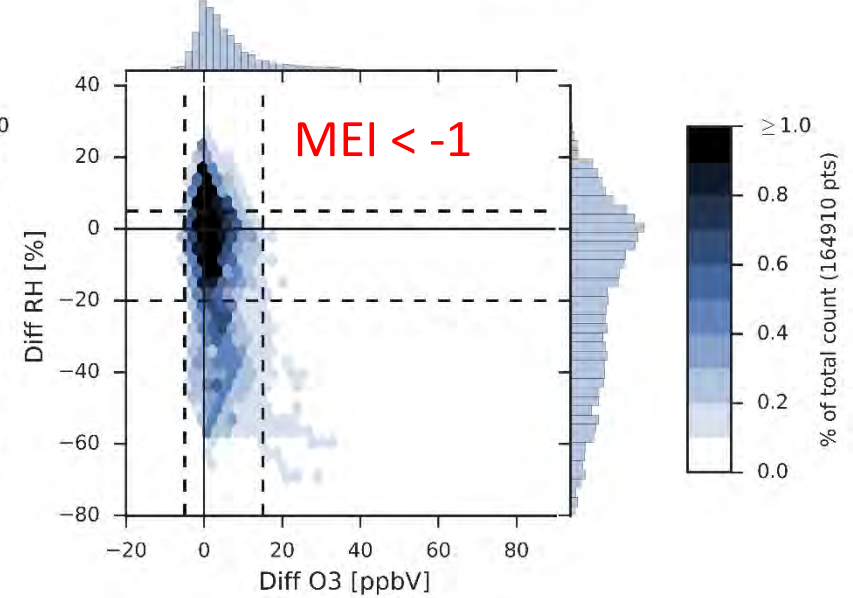
Palau El Nino (3-14km, 01/2016-04/2024)



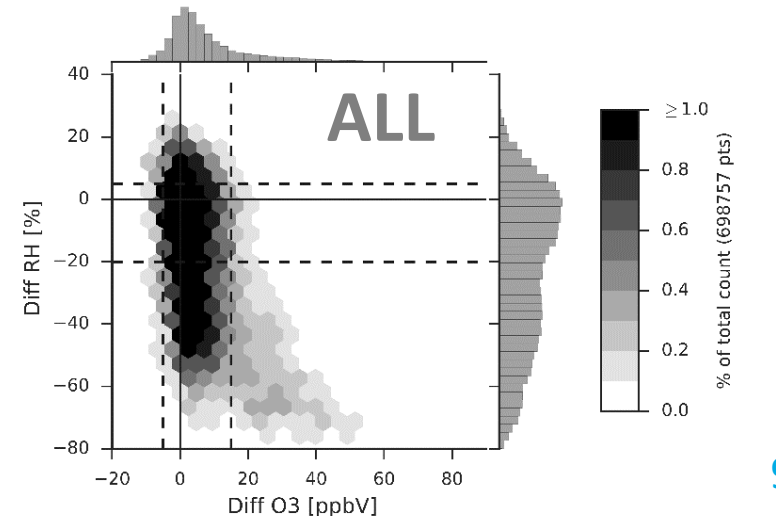
Palau Neutral (3-14km, 01/2016-04/2024)



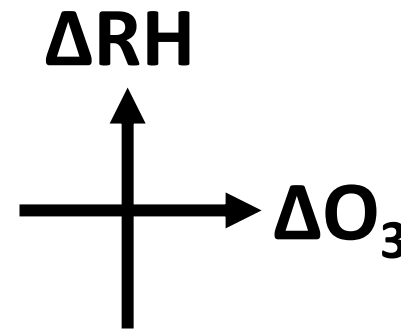
Palau La Nina (3-14km, 01/2016-04/2024)



Palau (3-14km, 01/2016-04/2024)

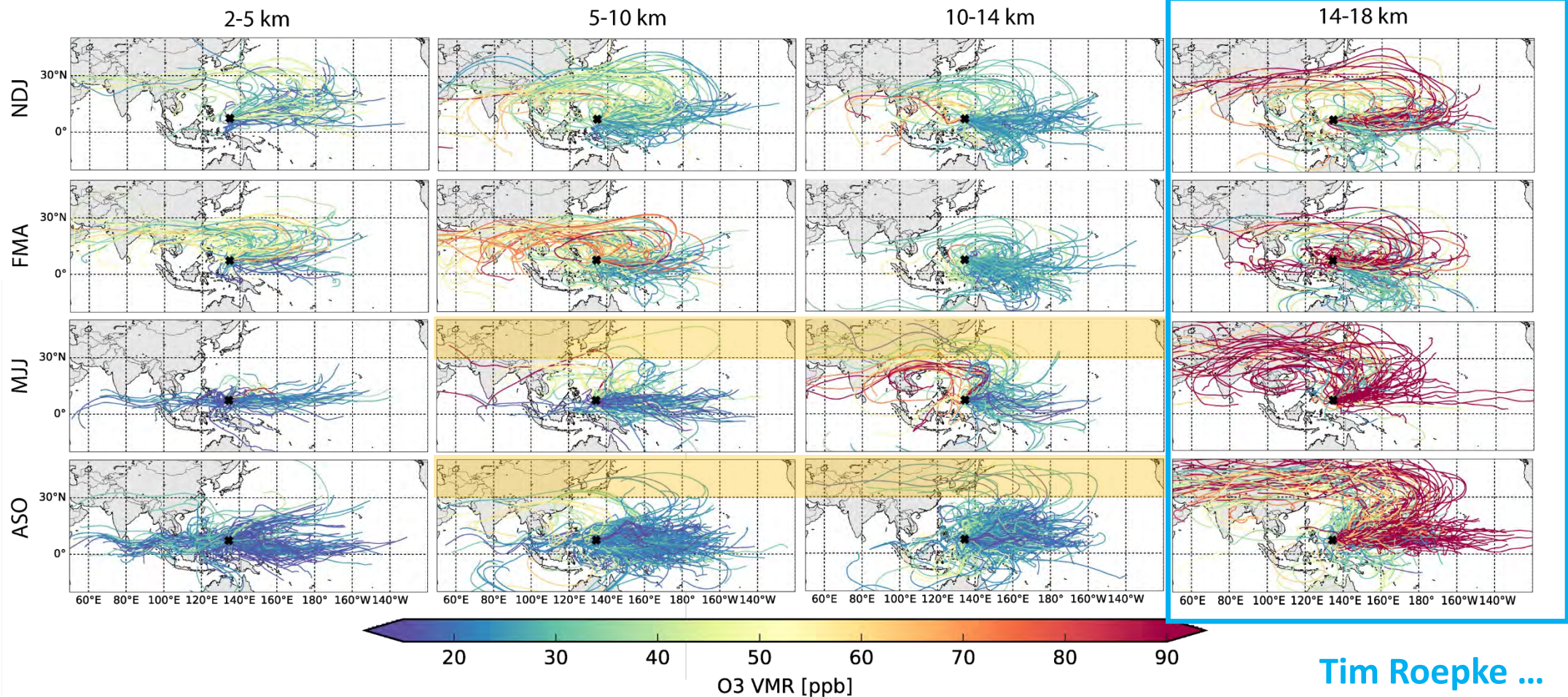


- Currently: update on Müller et al. 2024b analysis regarding updated timeseries and ENSO
- Pending: trajectories after 2021...



Air mass analysis → current projects

ATLAS trajectory dataset: 10-days backwards footprint

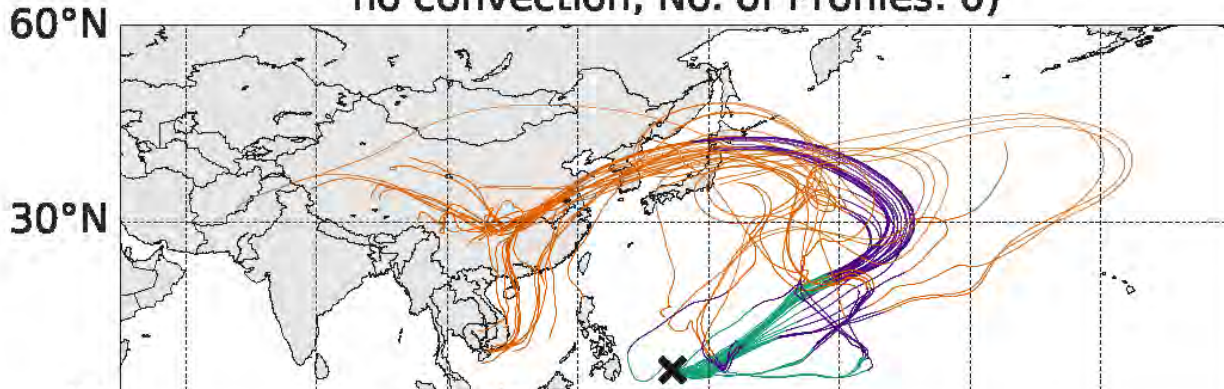


- ... regarding transport to the TTL, looking into O3, RHi, T, cirrus (→ QOS)
- ... regarding transport from the Western Pacific Anticyclone (WPA) → very preliminary...

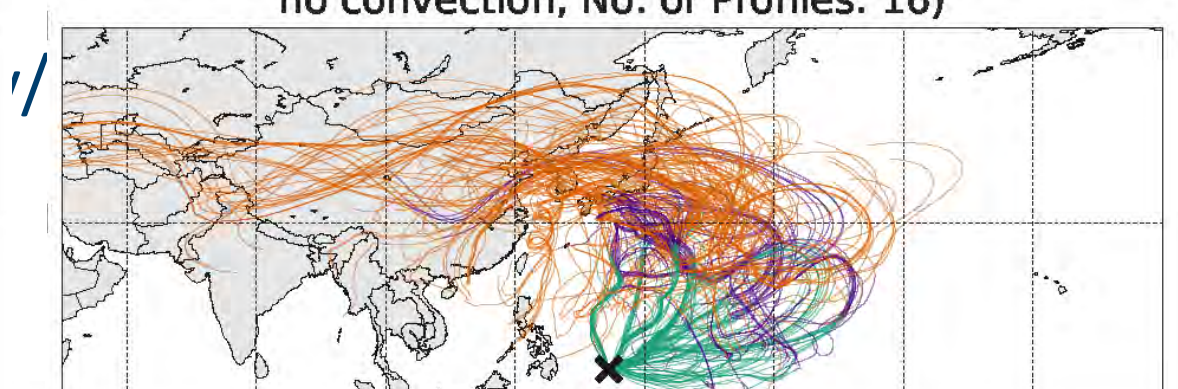
2. Transport from the WPA?



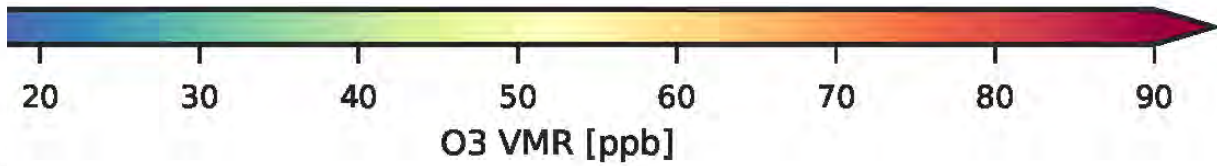
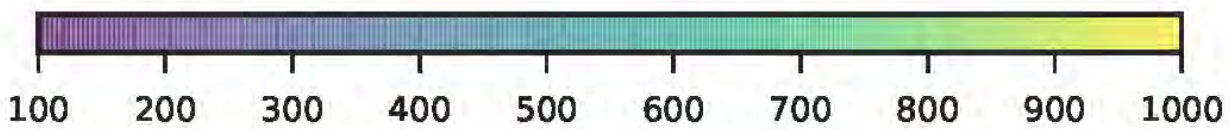
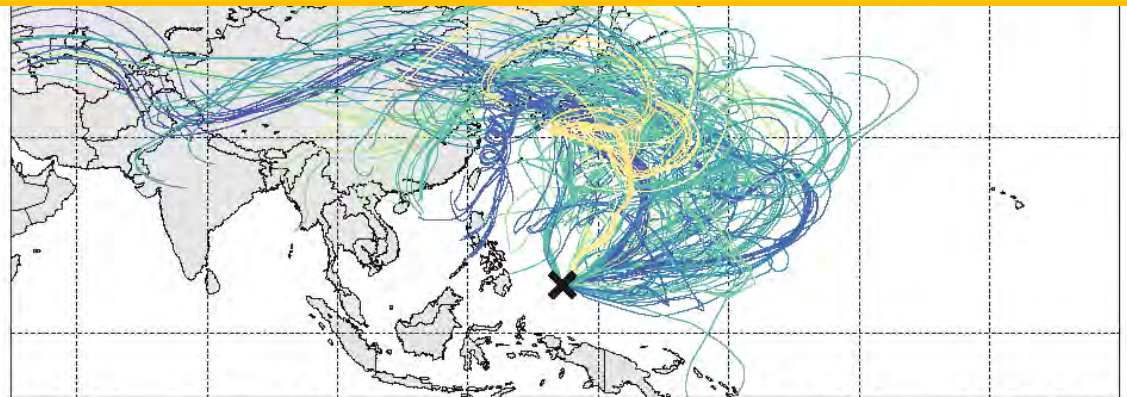
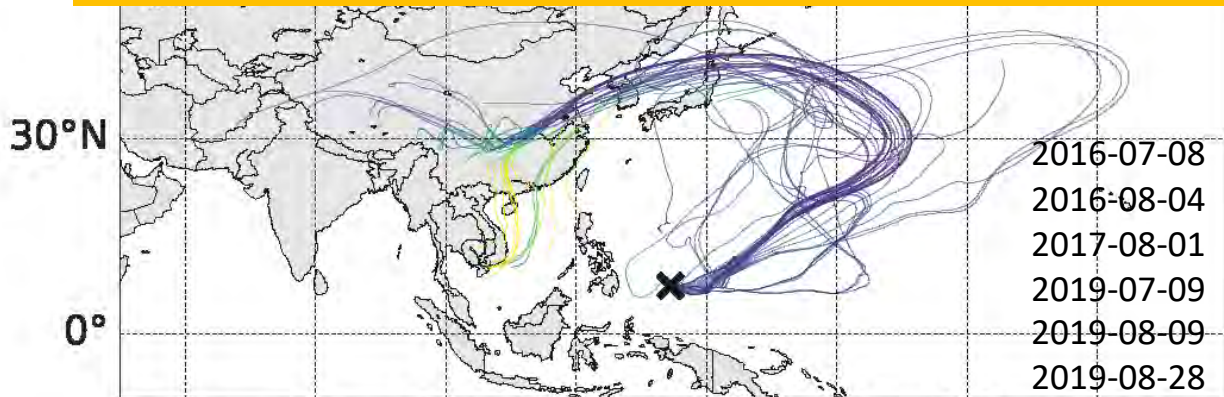
July/August Back Trajectories > 35° N(10 days, 5-10km, no convection, No. of Profiles: 6)



July/August Back Trajectories > 35° N(10 days, 10-14km, no convection, No. of Profiles: 16)



Planned/ in progress: update of trajectory dataset, check correlation with Bonin High Index and WPA events (according to Wang et al. 2022), ...

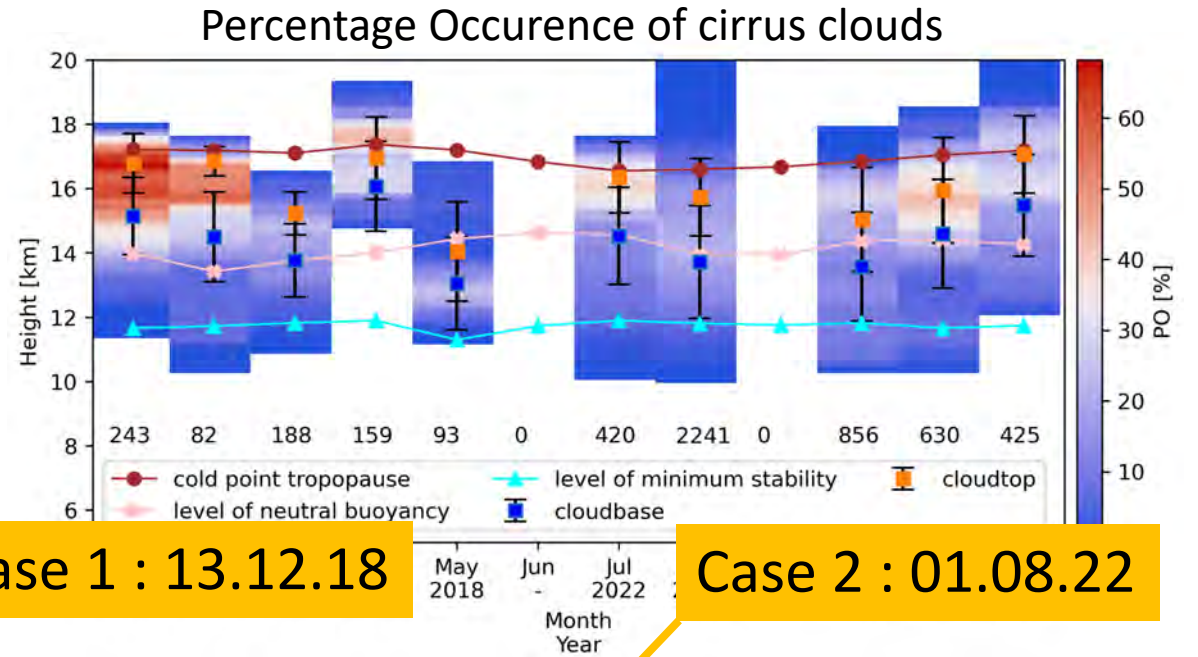
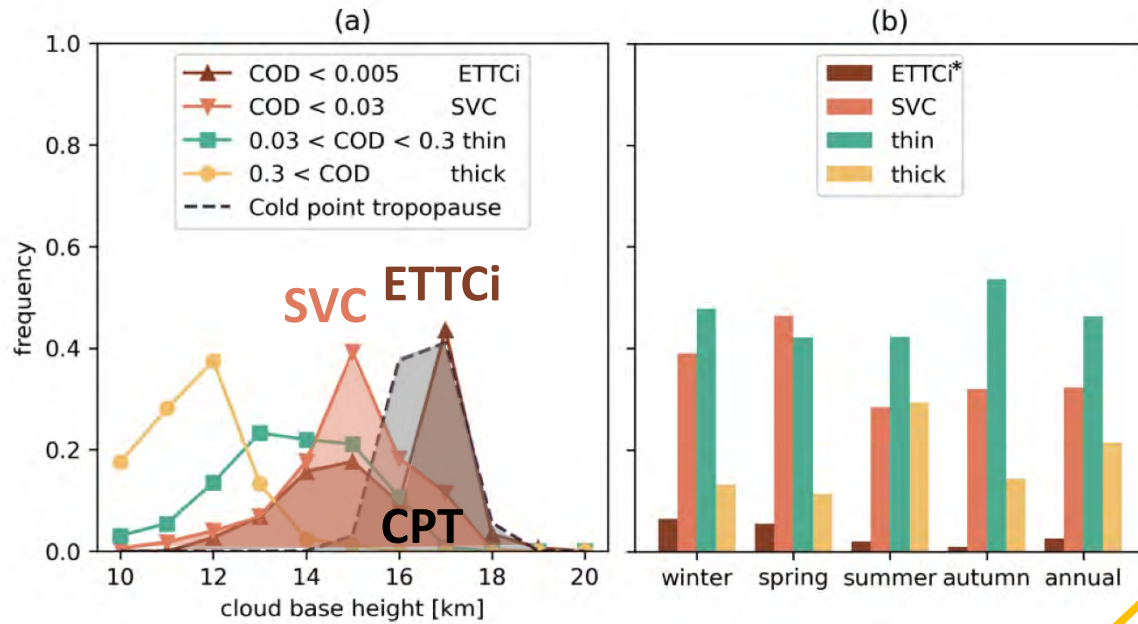


ComCAL



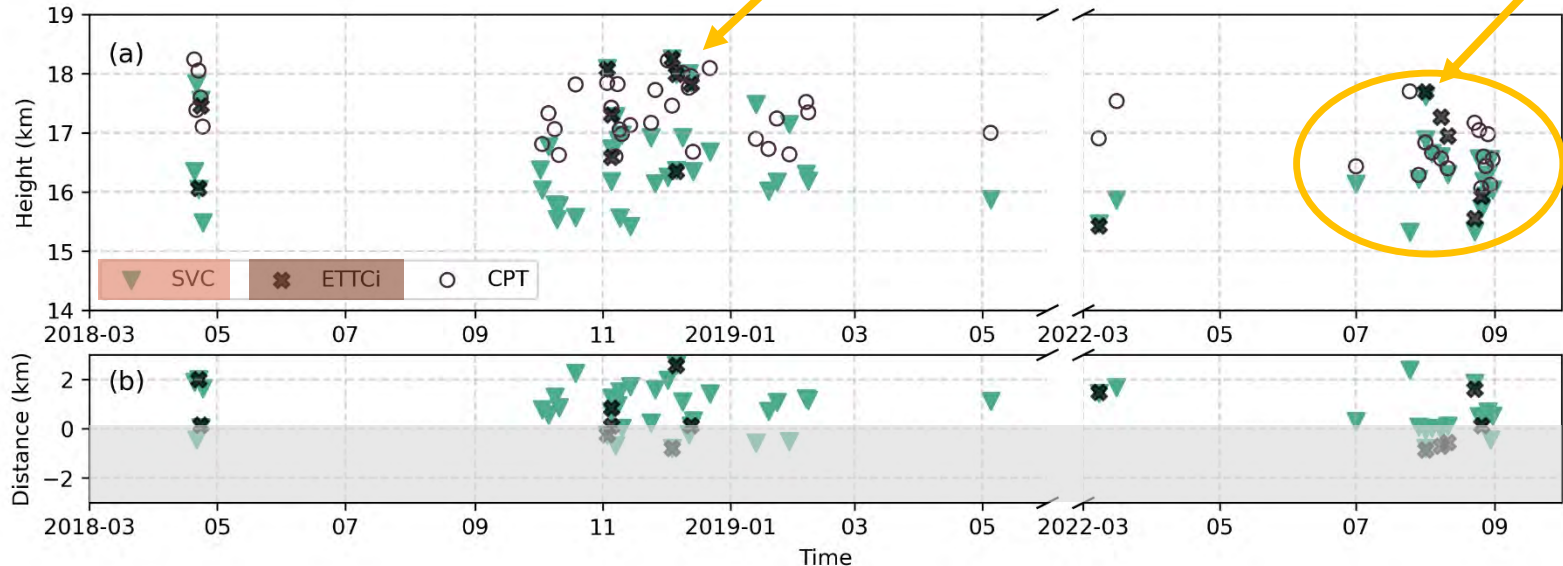
Photo: X.Sun

ComCAL lidar observations



Case 1 : 13.12.18

Case 2 : 01.08.22



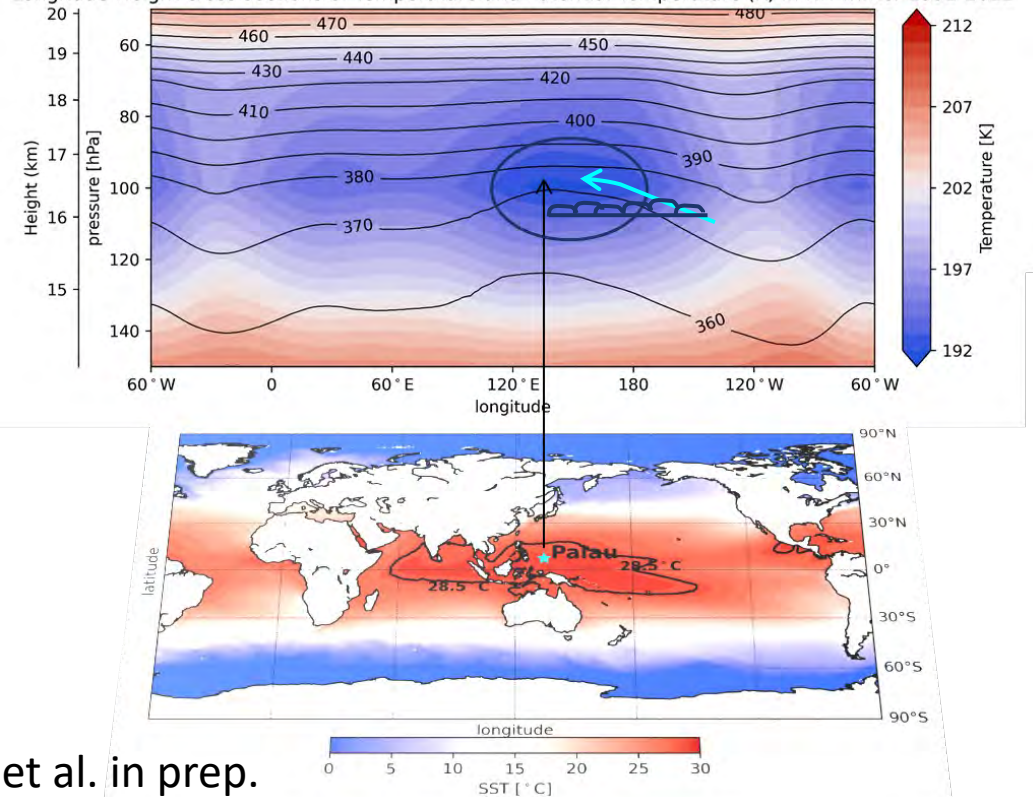
Above CPT

Cirrus above Palau

Compared with other tropical sites:

- Highest cloud base and top
- Coldest cloud temperature
- Dehydration process in this cold region

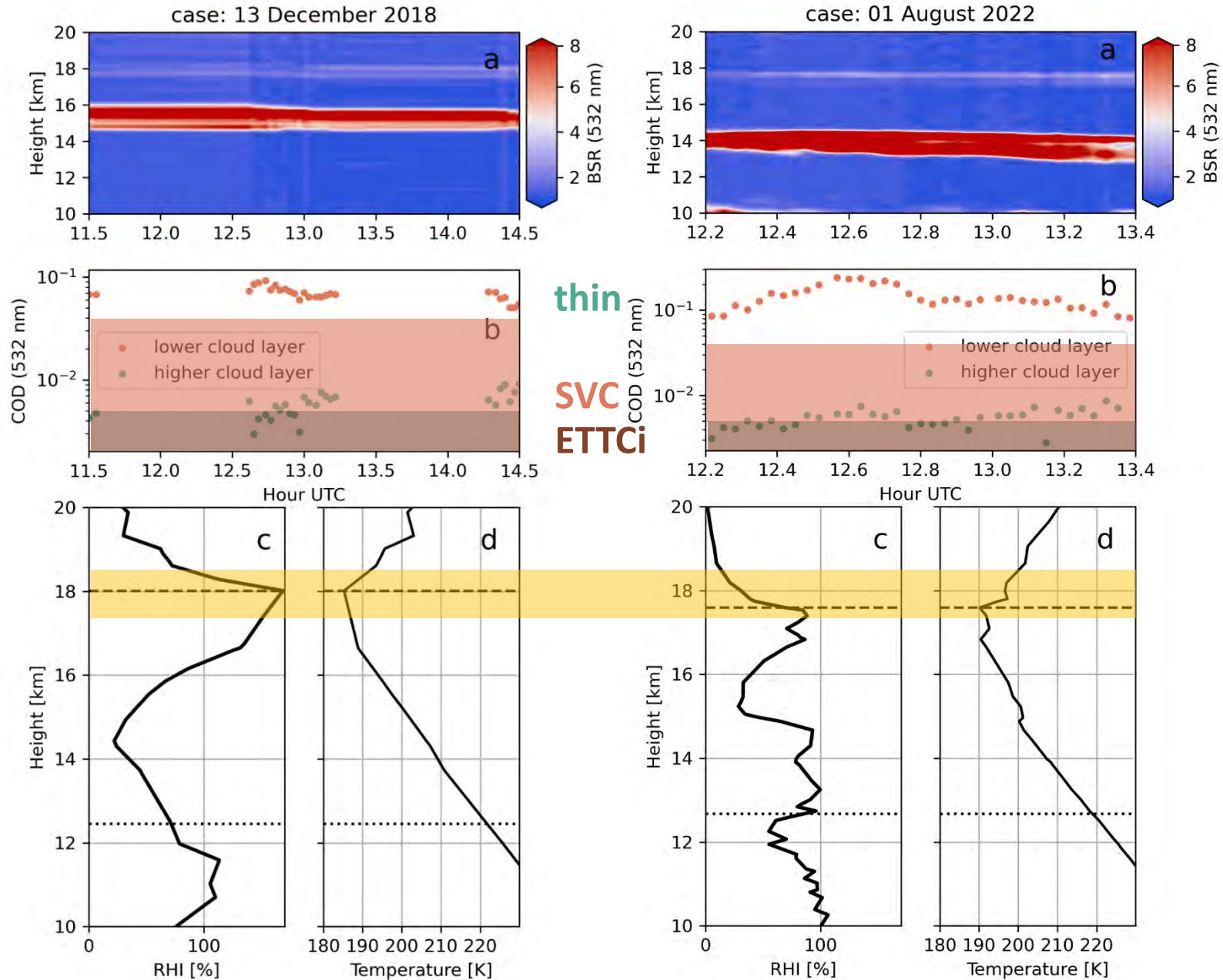
Longitude-Height cross sections of Temperature and Potential Temperature (K) in NH winter 1992-2022



Site	C_{base} (km)	C_{top} (km)	GT (km)	Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C)
Koror (7.3°N, 134.5°E)	↑ 14.1 ± 1.7	↑ 15.8 ± 1.4	1.5 ± 0.9	↓ -74 ± 10
Gwal Pahari (28.43°N, 77.15°E)	9.0 ± 1.5	10.6 ± 1.8	1.5 ± 0.7	-33 ± 6
Elandsfontein (26.25°S, 29.43°E)	9.2 ± 0.8	10.8 ± 0.9	1.6 ± 0.7	-34 ± 5
Chung-Li (24.58°N, 121.10°E)	12.3 ± 2.2	14.4 ± 1.7	1.5 ± 0.7	-
Gadanki (13.5°N, 79.2°E)	13.0 ± 2.2	15.3 ± 2.0	2.3 ± 1.3	-65 ± 12
Hulule (4.1°N, 73.3°E)	11.9 ± 1.6	13.7 ± 1.4	1.8 ± 1.0	-58 ± 11
Amazonia (2.9°S, 59.9°W)	12.9 ± 2.2	14.3 ± 1.9	1.4 ± 1.1	-60 ± 15
Nauru Island (0.5°S, 166.9°E)	-	16.5-17.0	-	-
Tropics ± 30° *	-	14.3 ± 1.7	0.6 ± 0.2	-66 ± 10

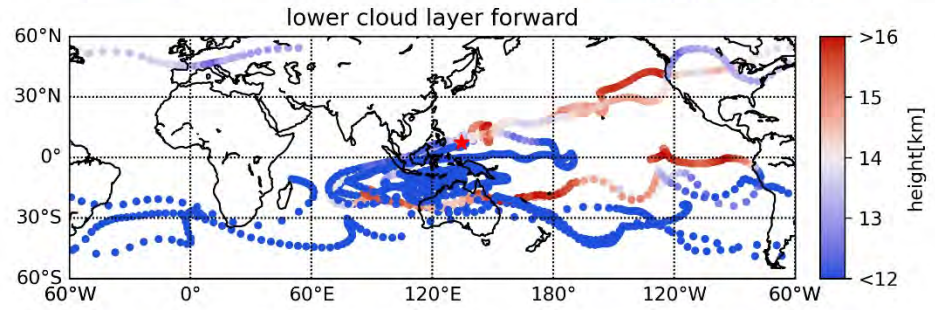
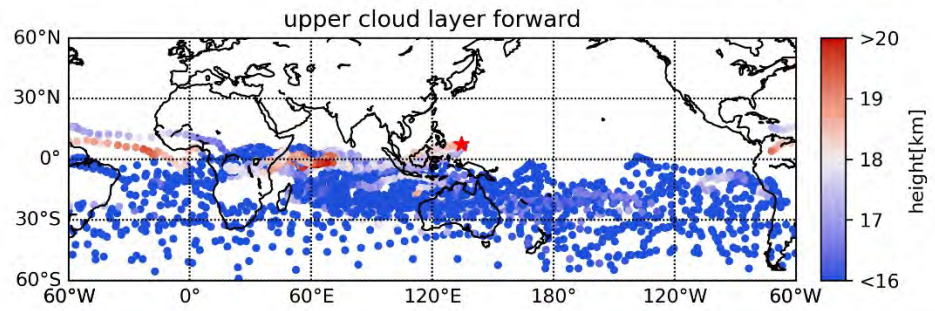
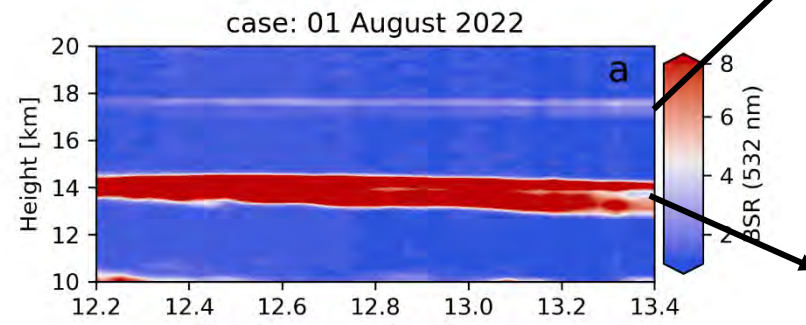
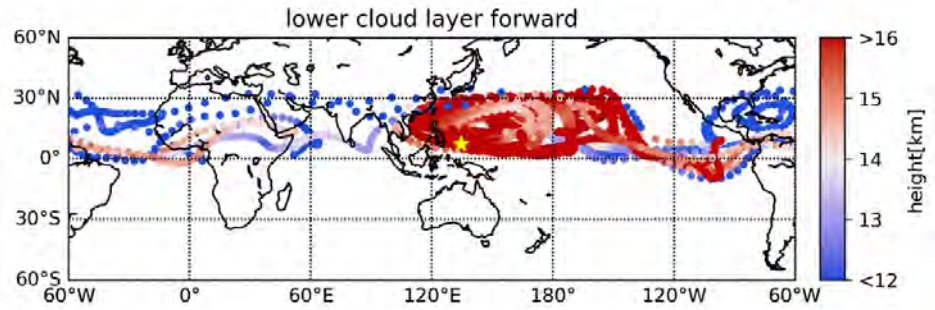
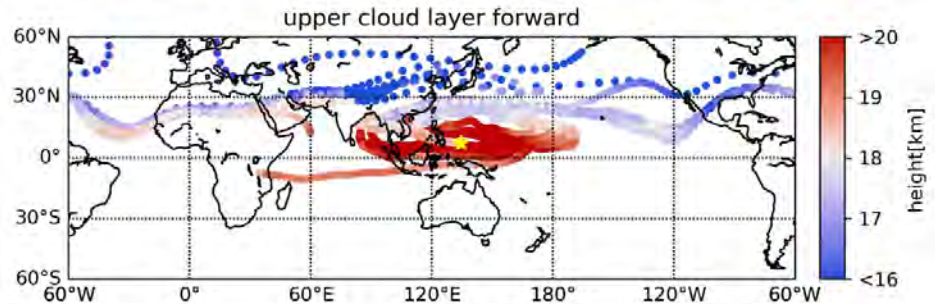
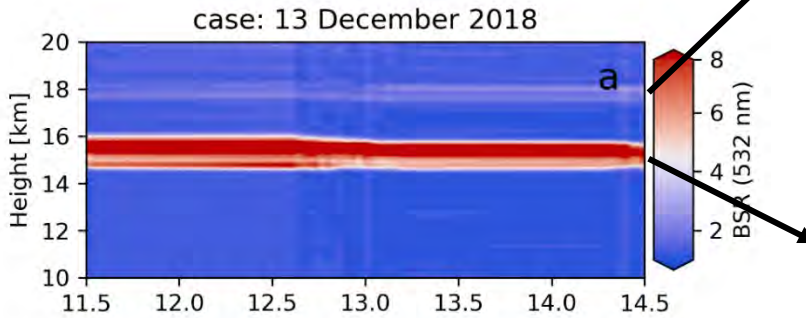
3. Case studies

- Winter and summer cases with two different cloud layers
- HYSPLIT 30-day forward trajectories, driven by NCEP reanalysis data



Sun et al. in prep.

3. Case studies



Ascent into the stratosphere (locally or NE of Palau)



Descent and transport to the SH

Sun et al. in prep.

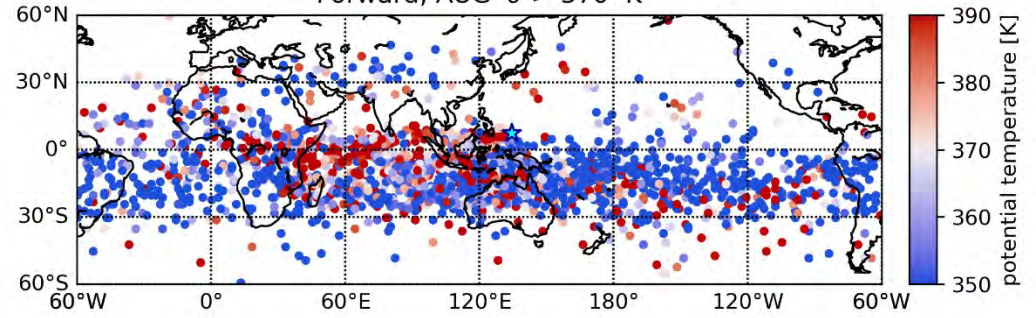
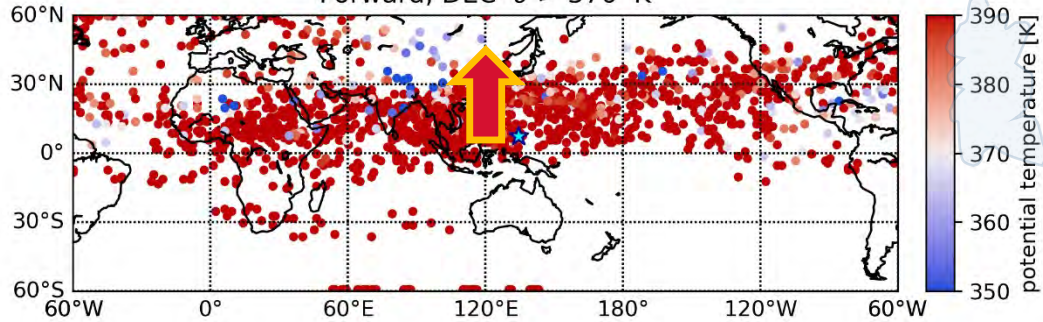
3. Cirrus „climatology“ of forward trajectories

December 2018

August 2022

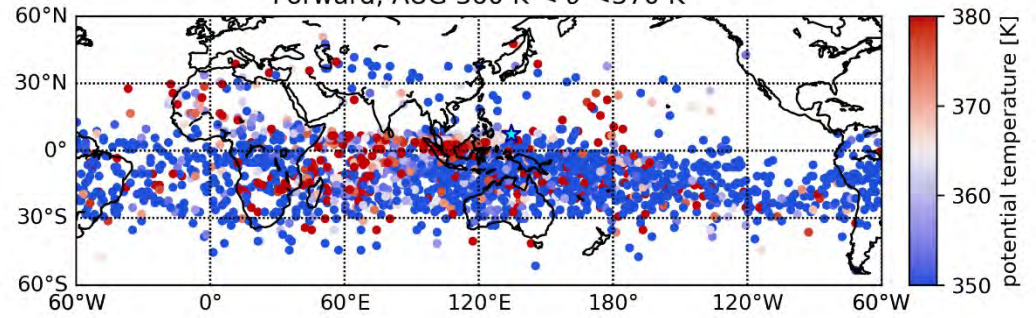
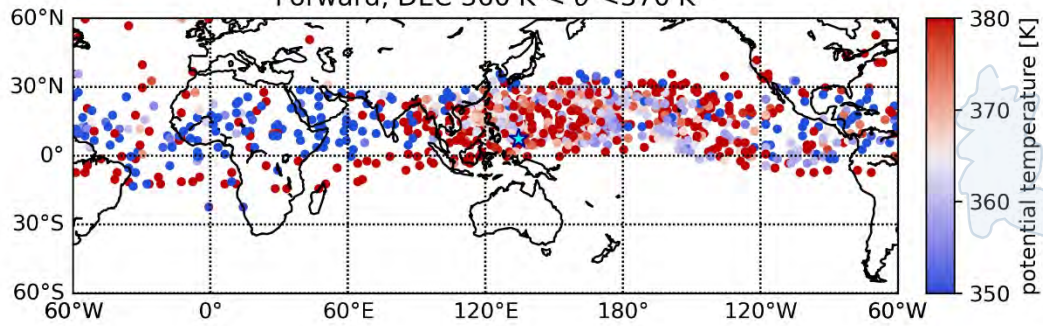
Forward, DEC $\theta > 370$ K

Forward, AUG $\theta > 370$ K



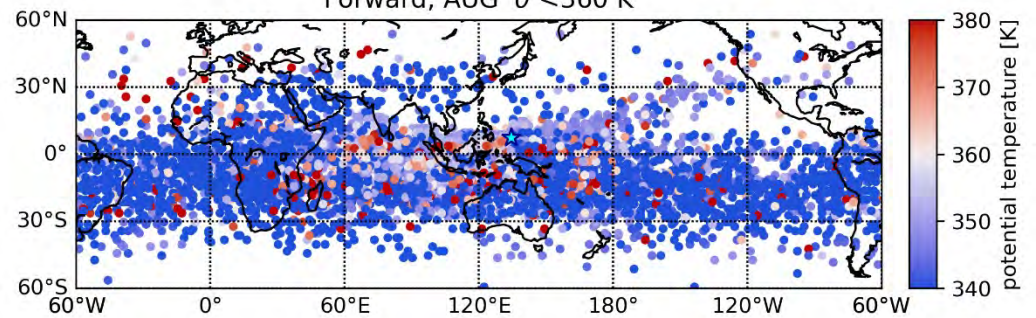
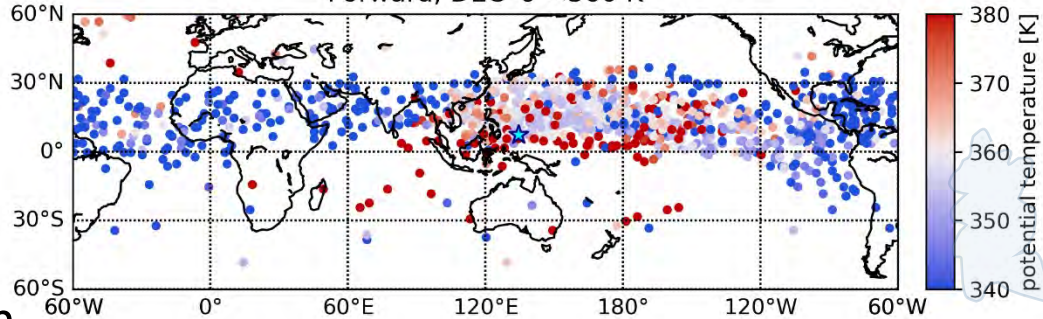
Forward, DEC $360 \text{ K} < \theta < 370 \text{ K}$

Forward, AUG $360 \text{ K} < \theta < 370 \text{ K}$



Forward, DEC $\theta < 360$ K

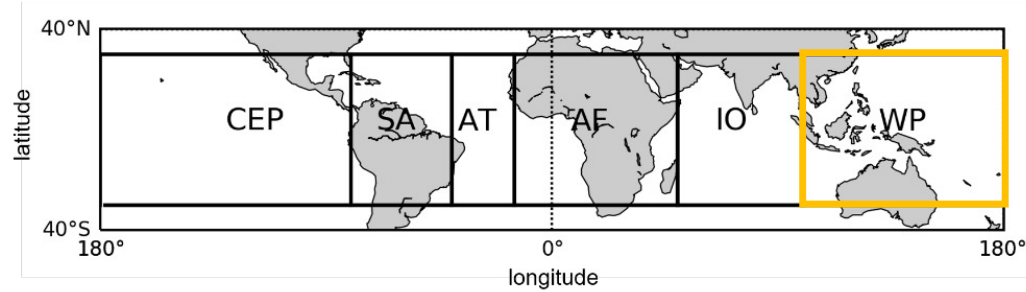
Forward, AUG $\theta < 360$ K



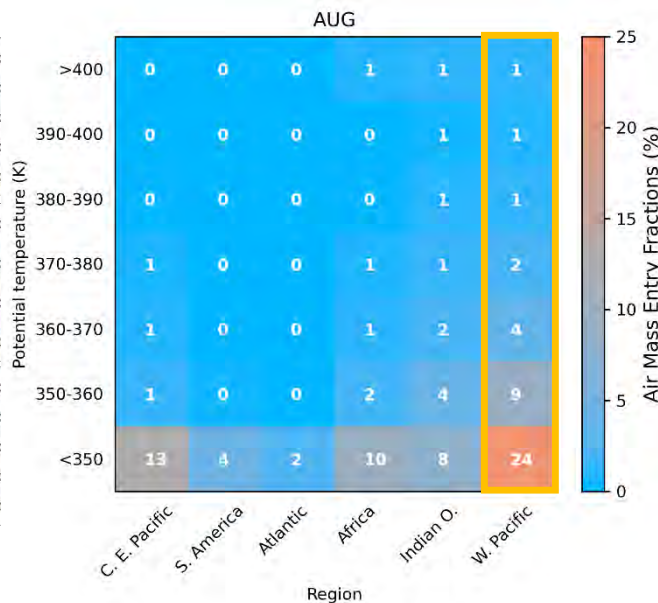
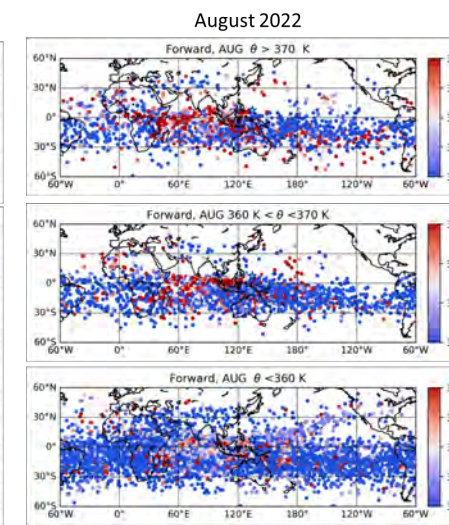
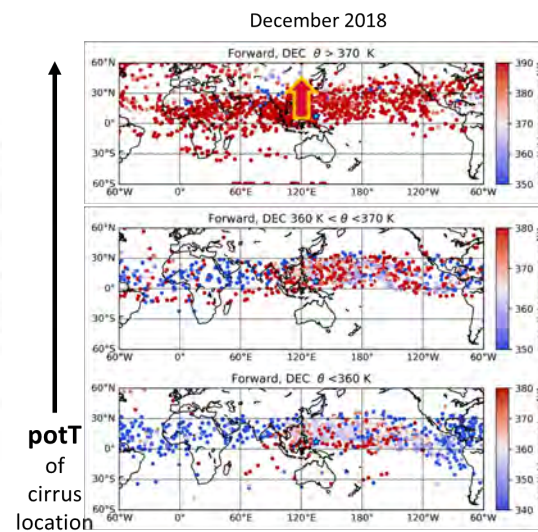
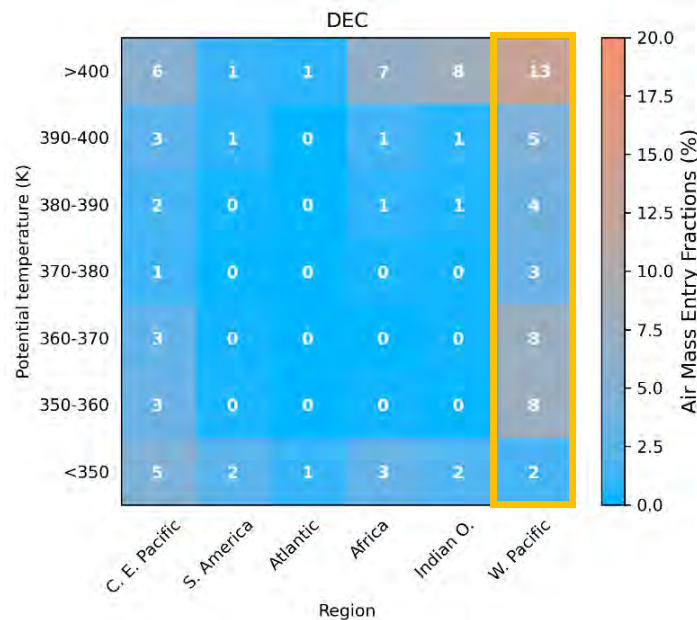
↑
potT
of
cirrus
location

3. Cirrus „climatology“ of forward trajectories

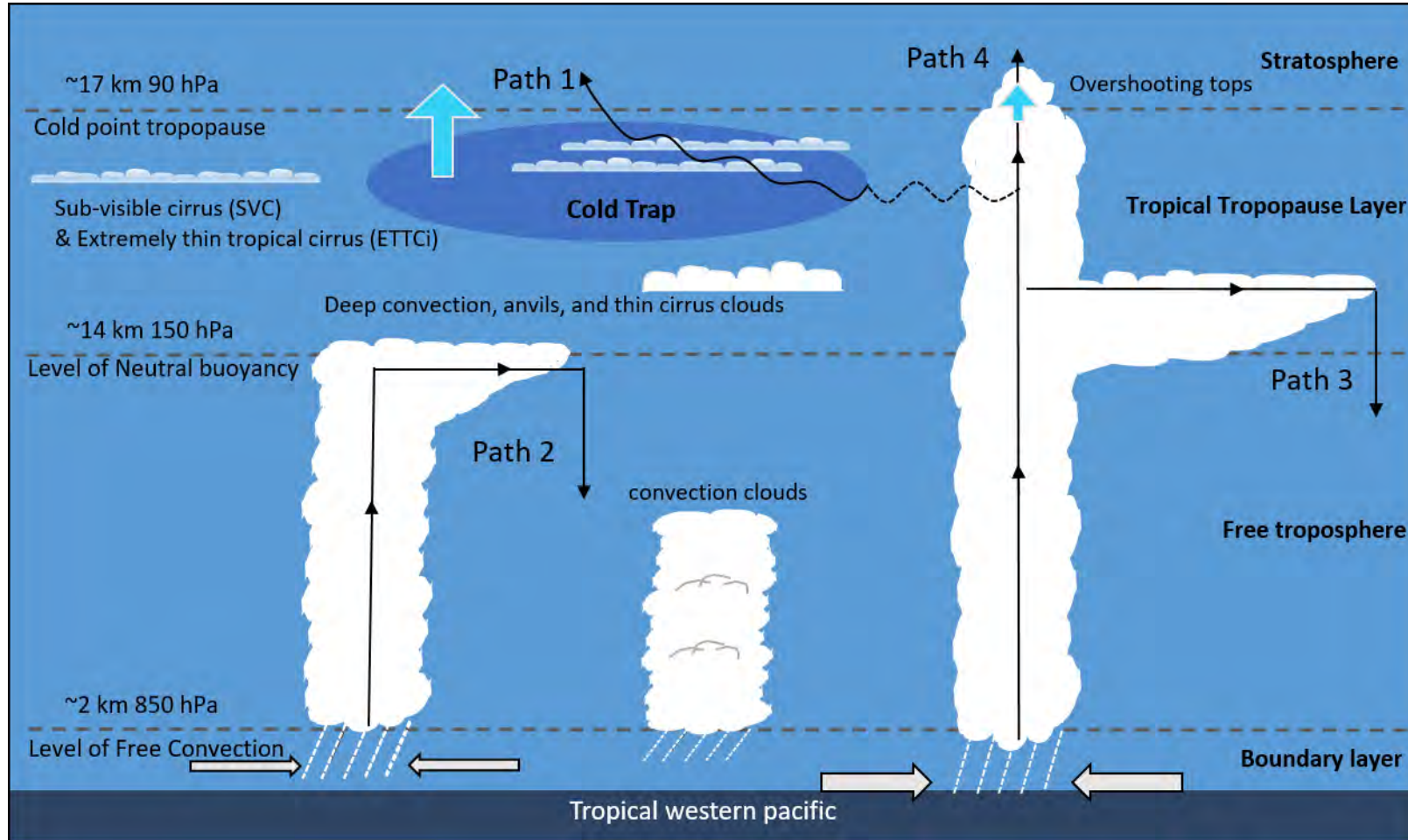
Air mass entry fraction:
 N (Trajectory point in each box) / N (Total trajectory point)



- In **December**: SVC and ETT*Ci* occurrence shows transport pathway into the stratosphere within the WP cold trap
- In **August**: cirrus occurrence is no indicator STE



3. Paper draft: Cirrus & transport into the stratosphere



WRAP UP

- Meet me in person at the QOS in mid-July in Boulder! 😊
- Check out our recent paper publications about the Ozonesonde and Lidar record!
- Ongoing work:
 - Air mass analysis regarding ENSO, transport from the WPA → wait for the trajectory dataset update...
 - STE and cirrus

The Palau Atmospheric Observatory –

Updates on the Ozonesonde and Lidar Record and air mass transport to the TWP

Kati Müller

ACCLIP STM 30.04-03.05.2024

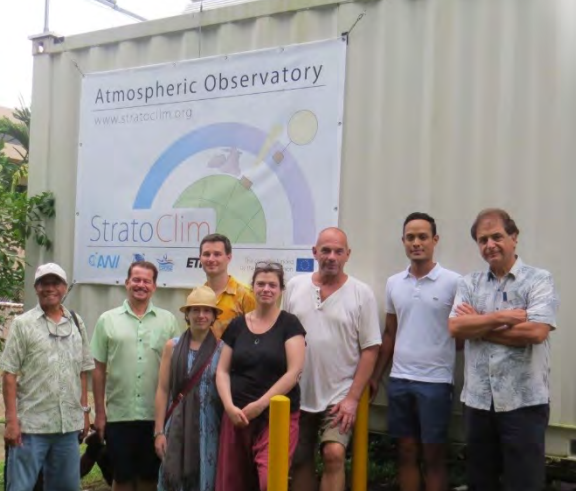


ALFRED-WEGENER-INSTITUT
HELMHOLTZ-ZENTRUM FÜR POLAR-
UND MEERESFORSCHUNG





THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



Images: AWI and courtesy of Jürgen Gräser (AWI), Wilfried Ruhe (impres GmbH), Thomas Schubert and Jordis Tradowsky (Bodeker Scientific)